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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/719,413	11/21/2003	Kenneth Nelson	513-2	3417		
24336 9962229998 KEUSEY, TUTUNIIAN & BIFEITTO, P.C. 20 CROSSWAY'S PARK NORTH SUITE 210 WOODBURY, NY 11797			EXAM	EXAMINER		
			ALVAREZ, RAQUEL			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3688			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			09/22/2008	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Naquel Alvalez	3000		
The Period for Re	MAILING DATE of this communication appe ply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence ad	dress	
WHICHEV - Extensions of after SIX (6) - If NO period - Failure to re Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY ER IS LONGER, FROM THE MALLING DA' of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with provident providence of the providence of the providence of the providence of the providence of the providence of the coincide by the Office later than three months after the maining of the term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  (a). In no event, however, may a repty be tire  I apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this or D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠ Res	ponsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Jun	<u>ne 2008</u> .			
	·—	action is non-final.			
	e this application is in condition for allowand ed in accordance with the practice under Ex			merits is	
Disposition o	f Claims				
4)⊠ Clair	m(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application.				
.—	Of the above claim(s) 22-29 is/are withdrawn	from consideration.			
5) Clair	m(s) is/are allowed.				
	n(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.				
	m(s) is/are objected to.				
8)□ Clair	m(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.			
Application P	apers				
9) <u></u> The s	specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10)☐ The o	drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	pted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.		
	cant may not request that any objection to the di				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)∐ The d	oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	miner. Note the attached Office	Action or form PT	O-152.	
Priority under	r 35 U.S.C. § 119				
.—	owledgment is made of a claim for foreign p l b)  Some * c) None of:	oriority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).		
1.	Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.			
_	Certified copies of the priority documents				
3.	Copies of the certified copies of the priorit	•	ed in this National	Stage	
	application from the International Bureau				
* See th	ne attached detailed Office action for a list o	tine certified copies not receive	ea.		
Attachment(s)					
	-4 Cit-4 (DTO 000)	∆ □ t-ti 0	(DTO 440)		

Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patient Drawing Review (PTO-948)  - Information Disclosure Statement(e) (PTO/SE/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)	

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#### DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to communication filed on 6/12/2008.

Applicant has elected without traverse. Group I. consisting of claims 1-21.

3. The listing of the claims must be changed to reflect the withdrawn claims. <u>See</u>

37 CFR 1.121.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

4. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Based on Supreme Court precedent <sup>1</sup> and recent Federal Circuit decisions, a 101 process must (1) be tied to another statutory class (such as a particular apparatus) or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing. <sup>2</sup> If either of these requirements is met by the claim, the method is non a patent eligible process under § 101 and should be rejected as being directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Independent claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as drawn to a non-statutory subject matter. The applicant is reciting only method steps such as "determining....playing...selecting", the applicant has not recited an apparatus or device to perform these limitations and without apparatus or device these limitations are just mental steps. Mentioning computer in the preamble is not enough, if the body of the claims each of the steps can be performed manually.

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In claims 1 and 3 the steps are related to a mental process, which is not patentable. Indeed, it is not tied to another statutory class or does not change or switch statutory class (such as a particular apparatus or physical module or device) or does not transform the underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing. See MPEP §2106.IV.B: Determine Whether the Claimed Invention Falls Within An Enumerated Statutory Category.

Examiner suggests applicant inserts a device in one or more steps of the body of the claims in order to overcome this rejection.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claim 2 recites the limitation "said recording" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- Claim 21 recites the limitation "said downloaded" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 8. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The term "can be" renders the claim indefinite because it

Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-88 (1876).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The supreme court recognized that this test is not necessary fixed or permanent and may evolve with technological advances. Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63,71 (1972)

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doesn't positevley recite the recited element. The term "can be" makes the claim limitations optional.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filled in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

 Claims 1, 3-4, 10-13, 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hasegawa (6.632.992 hereinafter Hasegawa).

With respect to claims 1, 12, Hasegawa teaches a method for playing back a media file (Abstract). Determining a designated type associated with said digital file (i.e. determining if the media should be provided at a discount or at a regular price based if advertisements are to be appended or not appended to the music data (see Figures 7 and 8); playing back said digital media file including required advertising in accordance with said determined type of media file (the user plays the music and the advertisements accordingly)(see Figure 9 and col. 11, lines 18-24).

With respect to claims 3-4, 13, Hasegawa teaches a method for playing back a digital file (Abstract). Defining a plurality of predetermined media types in accordance

with an advertising scheme (i.e. determining if an advertisement should be appended or not according to a variety of advertisement/discounted prices scheme)(see Figure 7 and 8); Valuing each of said plurality of predetermined media types in accordance with said advertising scheme (See figure 9 and col. 11, lines 18-24); selecting one of said plurality of media type (see figure 8); playing back said selected media type and invoking said associated advertising scheme (See Figure 11).

With respect to claims 10 and 19, Hasegawa further teaches that the media file is provided on a removable storage medium (i.e. external storage unit 17a may be a floppy disk, CDS or DVD)(see Figure 2).

With respect to claims 11 and 20, Hasegawa further teaches downloading said digital media file via a computer network (see Figure 1).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claims 2, 5-9, 14-18, 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hasegawa.

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Claims 2, 5-7, 14-16, further recite forcing the user to viewed said advertisement before a predetermined portion of said has viewed a predetermined portion of said digital media. Since in the system of Hasegawa the user gets a discounted price on the media file for viewing ads then it would have been obvious to make or force the user to watch the ads and not to let him or her fast forward or view a large amount of the media file without viewing the ads in order to avoid the user cheating by not viewing the ads required to get the free or discounted media. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have included forcing the user to viewed said advertisement before a predetermined portion of said has viewed a predetermined portion of said digital media in order to obtain the above mentioned advantages.

With respect to claims 8 and 17, Hasegawa further teaches that the advertisement data can be still image data, moving image or both (col. 9, lines 4-6).

Claims 9 and 18 further recite updating the advertising data in accordance with a user profile. Official Notice is taken that it is old and well known to collect user's profile such as purchases data and the like in order to present the user with a personalized ad or coupon that the user will most likely redeem based on his prior purchasing habits. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have included updating the advertising data in accordance with a user profile in order to achieve the above mentioned advantage.

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Claim 21 further recites storing the digital file locally, updating and preparing it for retail. Storing files locally updating them and preparing them for distributions are old and well known to make the file accessible and versatile for sale. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to have included storing the digital file locally, updating and preparing it for retail in order to achieve the above mentioned advantages.

#### Point of contact

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raquel Alvarez whose telephone number is (571)272-6715. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James w. Myhre can be reached on (571)272-6722. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Raquel Alvarez/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3688 Raquel Alvarez Primary Examiner Art Unit 3688

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